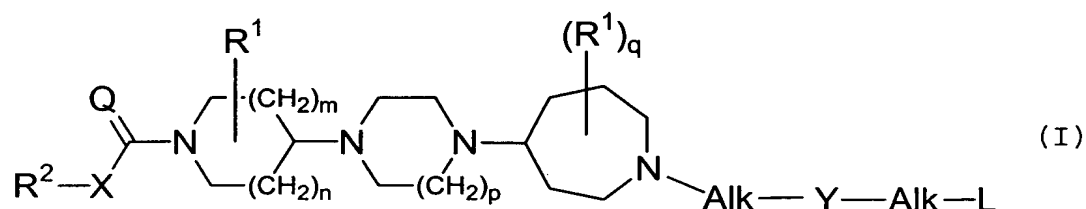


### Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Original) A compound according to the general Formula (I)



- 10     $n$     is an integer, equal to 0, 1 or 2;  
       $m$     is an integer, equal to 1 or 2, provided that if  $m$  is  
          2, then  $n$  is 1;  
       $p$     is an integer equal to 1 or 2;  
       $q$     is an integer equal to 0 or 1;  
15     $Q$     is O or  $NR^3$ ;  
       $X$     is a covalent bond or a bivalent radical of formula -  
          O-, -S- or  $-NR^3$ -;  
      each  $R^3$     independently from each other, is hydrogen or  
          alkyl;  
20    each  $R^1$     independently from each other, is selected from  
          the group of  $Ar^1$ ,  $Ar^1$ -alkyl and  $di(Ar^1)$ -alkyl;  
       $R^2$     is  $Ar^2$ ,  $Ar^2$ -alkyl,  $di(Ar^2)$ alkyl,  $Het^1$  or  $Het^1$ -alkyl;  
       $Y$     is a covalent bond or a bivalent radical of formula -  
           $C(=O)$ -,  $-SO_2$ -,  $>C=CH-R$  or  $>C=N-R$ , wherein  $R$  is H ,  
25            CN or nitro ;  
      each  $Alk$  represents, independently from each other, a  
          covalent bond; a bivalent straight or branched,  
          saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon radical  
          having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms; or a cyclic  
30            saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon radical

having from 3 to 6 carbon atoms; each radical optionally substituted on one or more carbon atoms with one or more alkyl, phenyl, halo, cyano, hydroxy, formyl and amino radicals;

5 L is selected from the group of hydrogen, alkyl, alkyloxy, Ar<sup>3</sup>-oxy, alkyloxycarbonyl, mono- and di(alkyl)amino, mono- and di(Ar<sup>3</sup>)amino, Ar<sup>3</sup>, Ar<sup>3</sup>carbonyl, Het<sup>2</sup> and Het<sup>2</sup>carbonyl;

Ar<sup>1</sup> is phenyl, optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents, each independently from each other, selected from the group of halo, alkyl, cyano, aminocarbonyl and alkyloxy;

10 Ar<sup>2</sup> is naphthalenyl or phenyl, each optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents, each independently from each other, selected from the group of halo, nitro, amino, mono- and di(alkyl)amino, cyano, alkyl, hydroxy, alkyloxy, carboxyl, alkyloxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl and mono- and di(alkyl)aminocarbonyl;

15 Ar<sup>3</sup> is naphthalenyl or phenyl, optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents, each independently from each other, selected from the group of alkyloxy, alkyl, halo, hydroxy, pyridinyl, morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl, imidazo[1,2-a]pyridinyl, morpholinylcarbonyl, pyrrolidinylcarbonyl, amino and cyano;

20 Het<sup>1</sup> is a monocyclic heterocyclic radical selected from the the group of pyrrolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, furanyl, thienyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl and pyridazinyl; or a bicyclic heterocyclic radical selected from the group of quinolinyl, quinoxalinyl, indolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzisothiazolyl, benzofuranyl and benzothienyl;

30 each heterocyclic radical may optionally be

substituted on any atom by a radical selected from the group of halo and alkyl;

Het<sup>2</sup> is a monocyclic heterocyclic radical selected from the group of pyrrolidinyl, dioxolyl, imidazolidinyl, pyrrazolidinyl, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, dithianyl, thiomorpholinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, 2H-pyrrolyl, pyrrolinyl, imidazolinyl, pyrrazolinyl, pyrrolyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, triazolyl, furanyl, thienyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl and triazinyl;

or a bicyclic heterocyclic radical selected from the group of benzopiperidinyl, quinolinyl, quinoxalinyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, chromenyl, benzimidazolyl, imidazo[1,2-a]pyridinyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzisothiazolyl, benzofuranyl and benzothienyl;

each radical optionally substituted with one or more radicals selected from the group of Ar<sup>1</sup>, Ar<sup>1</sup>alkyl, halo, hydroxy, alkyl, piperidinyl, pyrrolyl, thienyl, oxo, alkyloxy, alkyloxyalkyl and alkyloxycarbonyl; and

alkyl is a straight or branched saturated hydrocarbon radical having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms or a cyclic saturated hydrocarbon radicals having from 3 to 6 carbon atoms; optionally substituted on one or more carbon atoms with one or more radicals selected from the group of phenyl, halo, cyano, oxo, hydroxy, formyl and amino.

2. (Original) A compound according to claim 1, characterized in that

n is 1;  
m is 1;  
p is 1;

q is 0;  
Q is 0;  
X is a covalent bond;  
each R<sup>1</sup> is Ar<sup>1</sup> or Ar<sup>1</sup>-alkyl; R<sup>2</sup> is Ar<sup>2</sup>;  
5 Y is a covalent bond or a bivalent radical of formula -  
C(=O) - ;  
each Alk represents, independently from each other, a  
covalent bond  
L is selected from the group of hydrogen, alkyloxy, Ar<sup>3</sup>  
10 and Het<sup>2</sup>;  
Ar<sup>1</sup> is phenyl;  
Ar<sup>2</sup> is phenyl, optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 alkyl  
radicals;  
Ar<sup>3</sup> is phenyl, optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3  
15 substituents, each independently from each other,  
selected from the group of alkyl and halo;  
Het<sup>2</sup> is a monocyclic heterocyclic radical selected from  
the group of pyrazolyl, furanyl and isoxazolyl,  
each radical optionally substituted with one or  
20 more alkyl radicals; and  
alkyl is a straight hydrocarbon radical having 1 to 6  
carbon atoms, optionally substituted with one or  
more halo radicals.

25 3. (Currently Amended) A compound according to Claim 1  
~~any of claims 1-2, characterized in that~~ wherein R<sup>1</sup> is  
Ar<sup>1</sup> methyl and attached to the 2-position or R<sup>1</sup> is Ar<sup>1</sup> and  
attached to the 3-position.

30 4. (Currently Amended) A compound according to ~~any of~~  
~~claims 1-3, characterized in that~~ Claim 1 wherein the  
R<sup>2</sup>-X-C(=Q)- moiety is 3,5-di-(trifluoromethyl)  
phenylcarbonyl.

35 5. (Currently Amended) A compound according to ~~any of~~  
~~claims 1-4, characterized in that~~ Claim 1 wherein p is  
1.

6. (Currently Amended) A compound according to ~~any of~~  
~~claims 1-5, characterized in that~~ Claim 1 wherein Y is -  
C(=O)-.

5

7. (Currently Amended) A compound according to ~~any of~~  
~~claims 1-6, characterized in that~~ Claim 1 wherein Alk is  
a covalent bond.

10 8. (Currently Amended) A compound according to ~~any of~~  
~~claims 1-3, characterized in that~~ Claim 1 wherein L is  
Het<sup>2</sup>.

15 9. (Original) A compound select from the group of  
compounds with compound number 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8,  
9 and 10 as ~~mentioned described~~ in Table 1.

(Currently Amended) ~~11.~~ 10. A compound according to ~~any~~  
~~one of claims 1-10~~ claim 1 for use as an orally  
20 active, ~~central penetrating~~ medicine.

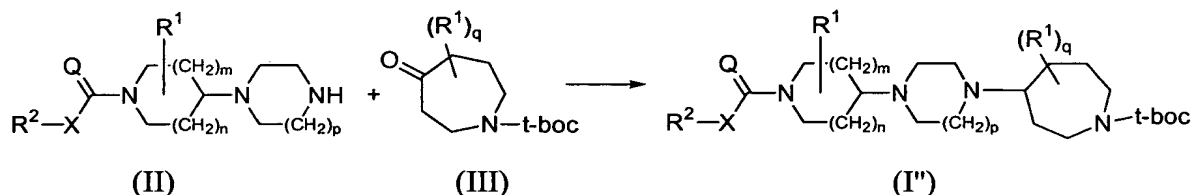
(Currently Amended) ~~12.~~ 11 The use of a compound  
according to ~~any one of claims 11~~ claim 1 for the  
manufacture of a medicament for treating tachykinin  
25 mediated conditions.

(Currently Amended) [14]. 13. A pharmaceutical composition  
comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and,  
30 as active ingredient, a therapeutically effective  
amount of a compound according to ~~any one of claims 1-~~  
9 claim 1.

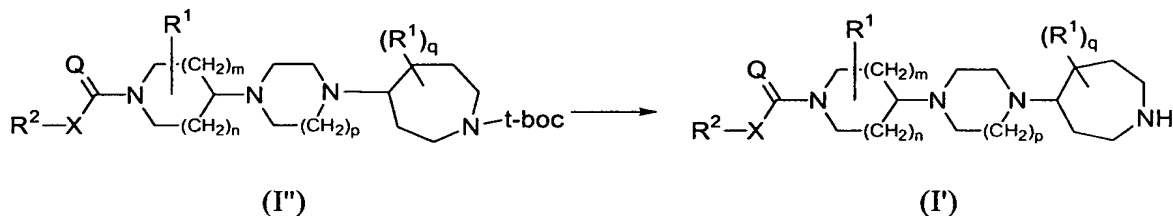
(Currently Amended) ~~15~~ 14. A process for preparing a  
35 pharmaceutical composition ~~as claimed in claim 14,~~  
~~characterized in that a pharmaceutically~~ comprising  
mixing a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier ~~is~~

~~intimately mixed~~ with a therapeutically effective amount of a compound ~~as claimed in any one of claims 1-9~~ Claim 1.

5 (Currently Amended) ~~16~~ 15. A process for the preparation of a compound of Formula (I'') in which an intermediate compound of Formula (II) is reacted with an intermediate compound of Formula (III), wherein the radicals  $R^2$ , X, Q,  $R^1$ , m, n, p and q are as defined in  
10 claim 1.



~~17.~~ 16. (Currently Amended) A process for the preparation of a compound of Formula (I') in which a final compound of Formula (I'') is reductively hydrogenated, wherein the radicals  $R^2$ , X, Q,  $R^1$ , m, n, p and q are as defined in claim 1.



20 ~~18.~~ 17. (Currently Amended) A process for the preparation of a compound according to Formula (I') comprising the consecutive steps of  
1) obtaining a compound of Formula (I'') according to claim ~~16~~ 15;  
25 2) obtaining a compound of Formula (I') according to claim ~~17~~ 16.